

### American Electric Power Service Corporation

#### Stack Out Area - CCR Groundwater Monitoring Well Network Evaluation

H.W. Pirkey Power Plant 2400 FM 3251 Harrison County Hallsville, Texas

May 25, 2016





Kenneth Brandner, P.E., P.G. Senior Project Engineer

Matthew J. Lamb Project Manager

John Holm, P.E. Professional Engineer Stack Out Area - CCR Groundwater Monitoring Well Network Evaluation

H.W. Pirkey Power Plant 2400 FM 3251 Harrison County Hallsville, Texas

Prepared for: AEP

Prepared by:
ARCADIS U.S., Inc.
100 E Campus View Blvd
Suite 200
Columbus
Ohio 43235-1447
Tel 614 985 9100
Fax 614 985 9170

Our Ref.: OH015976.0010

Date: May 25, 2016





1.	Objec	tive		1
2.	Backg	round l	Information	2
	2.1	Facility	y Location Description	2
	2.2	Descri	iption of Stack Out Area CCR Unit	2
		2.2.1	Stack Out Area Configuration	2
		2.2.2	Area/Volume	2
		2.2.3	Construction and Operational History	3
		2.2.4	Surface Water Control	3
	2.3	Previo	ous Investigations	3
	2.4	Hydro	geologic Setting	4
		2.4.1	Climate and Water Budget	5
		2.4.2	Regional and Local Geologic Setting	5
		2.4.3	Surface Water and Surface Water Groundwater Interactions	5
		2.4.4	Water Users	6
3.	Groun	dwater	Monitoring Well Network Evaluation	7
	3.1	Hydros	stratigraphic Units	7
		3.1.1	Horizontal and Vertical Position Relative to CCR Unit	7
		3.1.2	Overall Flow Conditions	7
	3.2	Upper	most Aquifer	8
		3.2.1	CCR Rule Definition	8
			3.2.1.1 Common Definitions	8
		3.2.2	Identified Onsite Hydrostratigraphic Unit	8
	3.3	Review	of Existing Monitoring Well Network	8
		3.3.1	Overview	8
		3.3.2	Gaps in Monitoring Network	9
4.	Recom	mende	d Monitoring Network and PE Certification	10
	4.1	Recom	mended Monitoring Well Network Distribution	10

#### **Table of Contents**

10

10

10 11

12



		4.1.1	Location
		4.1.2	Depth
		4.1.3	Well Construction
	4.2	Profess	sional Engineer's Certification
5.	Referer	nces	
Tab	les		
	Table	1	Water Level Data
	Table	2	Well Construction Details
	Table	3	Proposed Well Network
Figu	ıres		
	Figure	1	Site Location Map
	Figure	2	Plant and CCR Unit Location Map
	Figure	3	Site Layout and Well Locations
	Figure	4	Cross Section A-A'
	Figure	5	Cross Section B-B'
	Figure	6	Cross Section C-C'
	Figure	7	Cross Section D-D'
	Figure	8	Cross Section E-E'
	Figure	9	Potentiometric Surface Map, January 20, 2016
	Figure	10	Proposed Monitoring Well Network Map – Stack Out Area
Арр	endices		
	Α	Boring/\	Vell Construction Logs

Photographic Log

В

PirkeyOH015976.0010



#### **Acronyms and Abbreviation**

AEP American Electric Power Service Cooperation

amsl above mean sea level

ARCADIS ARCADIS U.S., Inc.

BAP bottom ash pond

CCR Coal Combustion Residual

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

EPRI Electric Power Research Institute

FAP fly ash pond

FGD flue gas desulfurization

ft feet

TAC Texas Administrative Code

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

PTI Permit to Install

TDS total dissolved solids



#### 1. Objective

This report was prepared by ARCADIS U.S., Inc. (ARCADIS) for American Electric Power Service Corporation (AEP) to assess the adequacy of the groundwater monitoring well network included in the Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) requirements, as specified in Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 40 CFR 257.91, for the Stack Out Area CCR Unit at the AEP H.W. Pirkey Generating Plant (Plant) located at 2400 FM 3251 in Hallsville, Harrison County, Texas (**Figure 1**). The CCR requirements include an evaluation of the adequacy of the groundwater monitoring well network to characterize groundwater quality up and down gradient of the CCR unit and an evaluation of whether the CCR unit meets up to 5 location restrictions, which include: the base of the CCR unit is 5 feet (ft) above and isolated from the uppermost aquifer, the CCR unit may not be located in a wetland, within 200 ft of the damage zone of a fault that has displacement during the Holocene, within a seismic impact zone, or in an unstable area.

Four regulated CCR units associated with the Plant were identified for review, which include the West BAP, East BAP, Stack Out Area, and Landfill (**Figure 2**). This report summarizes the evaluation of the groundwater monitoring well network in the uppermost aquifer at the Stack Out Area. The evaluation of the location restriction criteria is not included in this report and will be completed under separate cover.

This evaluation included a review of AEP-provided data associated with previously completed subsurface investigation activities in the vicinity of the Stack Out Area CCR unit, as well as publically-available geologic and hydrogeologic data. The following report also presents the current Conceptual Site Model based on all documents reviewed and will further describe the uppermost aquifer, include an evaluation of the adequacy of the existing monitoring well network, and provide recommendations for monitoring well augmentation, as necessary.



#### 2. Background Information

The following section provides background information for the AEP H.W. Pirkey Generating Plant Stack Out Area.

#### 2.1 Facility Location Description

The AEP H.W. Pirkey Plant is located in southern Harrison County, approximately 5 miles southeast of Hallsville, Texas, and approximately 8 miles southwest of Marshall, Texas. The Stack Out Area CCR unit is located in the central portion of the Plant, and approximately 1,200 feet northwest of Brandy Branch Reservoir (**Figures 1** and **2**).

#### 2.2 Description of Stack Out Area CCR Unit

The following section will discuss the embankment configuration, area, volume, construction and operational history, and surface water control associated with the Stack Out Area.

#### 2.2.1 Stack Out Area Configuration

The Stack Out Area is an approximate 7-acre storage area for stabilized flue gas desulfurization (FGD) sludge. As shown on **Figure 3**, the Stack Out Area is located directly south of the Surge Pond, directly west of Thickener Tanks 1A and 1B, and directly east of a road that runs south to the on-site Landfill. The dimensions of the Stack Out Area are approximately 650 feet from north to south by 450 feet from east to west.

Stabilized FGD sludge is temporarily stockpiled directly above natural ground surface (native clay) in the Stack Out Area using a radial stacker. The maximum height of the stabilized FGD sludge piles are approximately 41 feet above ground surface. There are no solids retention structures in the Stack Out Area. The stabilized FGD sludge piles are located no closer than approximately 50 feet from the perimeter of the Stack Out Area, thereby preventing the stabilized FGD sludge from migrating beyond the boundaries of the Stack Out Area.

#### 2.2.2 Area/Volume

The Stack Out Area is approximately 7 acres in size. However, as discussed above in Section 2.2.1, the CCR piles in the Stack Out Area are located no closer than approximately 50 feet from the perimeter of the Stack Out Area, therefore the effective storage area of the Stack Out Area is approximately 4.4 acres (550 feet by 350 feet),



and the maximum CCR storage volume based on a maximum CCR pile height of 41 feet is 180 acre feet.

#### 2.2.3 Construction and Operational History

The H.W. Pirkey Power Plant was constructed in 1983 and 1984, and began operation in 1985. Throughout the life of the Plant, CCR materials (fly ash, bottom ash, economizer ash, FGD sludge) have been generated. The Stack Out Area receives stabilized FGD sludge (**Figure 3**). Prior to storing the FGD sludge in the Stack Out Area, the FGD sludge is dewatered using belt presses, and the dewatering fluid is routed to the Surge Pond for reuse as FGD makeup water. The stabilized FGD sludge is then stockpiled in the Stack Out Area using a radial stacker with an approximate 3-foot-wide by 120-foot-long conveyor belt.

The stabilized FGD sludge is temporarily stored at the Stack Out Area. The stabilized FGD sludge is removed using front-end loaders or similar equipment, placed into trucks, and disposed of at the on-site Landfill CCR Unit located near the south end of the Plant.

Lithologic data from soil borings and monitoring wells confirm the native soils underling the Stack Out Area consist of low-permeability clay. As shown on Geologic Cross Sections B-B' (**Figure 5**) and E-E' (**Figure 8**), the native clay directly below the Stack Out Area extends from the surface to an average depth of approximately 20 feet. Therefore, as shown on **Figures 5** and **8**, the separation distance between the base of the Stack Out Area and uppermost aquifer exceeds 5 feet.

#### 2.2.4 Surface Water Control

The Stack Out Area contains dewatered FGD sludge that is stockpiled using a radial stacker, therefore no sluice water is present in the Stack Out Area. Storm water in the Stack Out Area follows surface topography via gravity sheet flow. The ground surface elevation in the Stack Out Area ranges from approximately 360 to 365 feet amsl (Akron Consulting, 2015). Storm water flow in the Stack Out Area is in a general northerly direction to the Surge Pond, which is a below-grade (incised) non-CCR unit.

#### 2.3 Previous Investigations

The initial soils investigation and design of the Plant was provided in a January 31, 1983 report prepared by Sargent & Lundy entitled "Henry W. Pirkey Power Plant, Design Summary for Lignite Storage Area and Wastewater Pond Facilities". This investigation included advancement of soil borings throughout the Plant, including the Stack Out Area.

PirkeyOH015976.0010 3

#### Stack Out Area - CCR Groundwater Monitoring Well Network Evaluation

H.W. Pirkey Power Plant 2400 FM 3251 Hallsville, Texas



In 2009, ETTL Engineers & Consultants (ETTL) conducted geotechnical investigations of earthen embankments associated with several ponds at the Plant. The Stack Out Area was not included in this evaluation because there are no earthen embankments in the Stack Out Area (ETTL, 2010).

In 2010 and January 2011, Apex Geoscience expanded the groundwater monitoring well system at the Plant, including installation of monitoring wells AD-16 through AD-29. Apex Geoscience also conducted video surveillance of the existing monitoring wells and plugged monitoring wells MW-1, MW-5, MW-6, MW-9, MW-11, MW-14, MW-15, M-2, and M-3 (Apex Geoscience, 2011).

In 2011, Johnson & Pace performed hydraulic analysis of several ponds at the Plant. The Stack Out Area was not included in this evaluation because there is no impounded water in the Stack Out Area (Johnson & Pace, May 2011).

In December 2015, Auckland Consulting further expanded the groundwater monitoring well system at the Plant, including installation of six monitoring wells (AD-30 through AD-35) (Auckland Consulting, 2016).

#### 2.4 Hydrogeologic Setting

The site area is located within the West Gulf Coastal Plain. Cretaceous formations crop out in belts that extend in a northeasterly direction parallel to the Gulf of Mexico, and dip gently southeast. The central and northern portions of the Plant are located on the outcrop of the Eocene-age Recklaw Formation. The Recklaw Formation consists predominantly of clay and fine grained sand, and attains a maximum thickness of approximately 100 feet (Broom, 1966).

The Recklaw Formation is underlain by the Eocene-age Carrizo Sand, which outcrops in the topographically low southern portion of the Plant. The Carrizo Sand consists of fine to medium grained sand interbedded with silt and clay, and attains a thickness of approximately 100 feet (Broom, 1966).

These features are further illustrated on five lines of cross section that were prepared through the Stack Out Area, with three lines trending from west to east (A-A'; B-B'; C-C'), and the other two lines trending from north to south (D-D'; E-E'). The cross section location map is included as **Figure 3** and the lines of cross section are included as **Figure 4** (A-A') through **Figure 8** (E-E').



#### 2.4.1 Climate and Water Budget

Average temperatures in Harrison County, Texas range from 47.1° Fahrenheit (F) in January to 83.8°F in July, and the mean annual growing season is 238 days. Average annual precipitation (including liquid water equivalent from snowfall) is approximately 47 inches (Broom, 1966).

#### 2.4.2 Regional and Local Geologic Setting

The central and northern portions of the Plant, including the Stack Out Area, are located on the outcrop of the Eocene-age Recklaw Formation. The Recklaw Formation is underlain by the Eocene-age Carrizo Sand, which outcrops in the topographically low southern end of the Plant (Broom, 1966; Flawn, 1965).

Detailed regional geologic characterization can be found in several published reports including Texas Water Development Report 27 "Ground-Water Resources of Harrison County, Texas" (Broom, 1966), The University of Texas at Austin Bureau of Economic Geology "Geologic Atlas of Texas – Tyler Sheet" (Flawn, 1965), and U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 88-450K "Petroleum Geology and the Distribution of Conventional Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids, East Texas Basin" (USGS, 1988).

Detailed regional and site geologic characterization can also be found in the 2010 ETTL report entitled "Geotechnical Investigation, Pirkey Power Station, Existing Ash, Surge, Lignite and Limestone Runoff, and Landfill Stormwater Ponds Embankment Investigation, Hallsville, Texas" (ETTL, 2010).

#### 2.4.3 Surface Water and Surface Water Groundwater Interactions

**Figure 9** is a potentiometric surface map based on January 2016 water level data for the uppermost aquifer at the Site, and water level elevations in the Site monitoring wells are summarized on **Table 1**. As shown on **Figure 9**, shallow groundwater flow direction in the Stack Out Area is northwesterly at an average hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.01 foot per foot.

The Stack Out Area is located approximately 1,200 feet northwest of Brandy Branch Reservoir, which was dammed during Plant construction in the 1980's. The normal pool level of Brandy Branch Reservoir is approximately 340 feet amsl. As shown on **Figure 9**, shallow groundwater flow direction at the Site generally follows surface topography to the west and southwest toward Hatley Creek, which is located in a topographically low area approximately one mile west of the Site. Therefore shallow groundwater in the Stack Out Area does not discharge into Brandy Branch Reservoir.

Stack Out Area - CCR Groundwater Monitoring Well Network Evaluation

H.W. Pirkey Power Plant 2400 FM 3251 Hallsville, Texas



#### 2.4.4 Water Users

A water well inventory conducted by Banks Information Solutions showed 12 water wells had been drilled within a ½-mile radius of the Site (Banks, 2015). The nearest water well was reportedly drilled approximately 1,000 feet north of the Stack Out Area in 2004 by Bennett Drilling for use as a rig supply well. The water well was screened from 350 to 430 feet below ground surface, therefore this water well is completed in a deeper water bearing unit relative to the uppermost water-bearing unit at the Site.

The second closest water well was reportedly drilled approximately ¼-mile west (downgradient) of the Stack Out Area for NFR Energy in 2008 for use as a rig supply well. The water well was screened from 250 to 310 feet below ground surface, therefore this water well is completed in a deeper water bearing unit relative to the uppermost water-bearing unit at the Site.

All of the water wells identified within a ½-mile radius of the Site were drilled to total depths of 160 feet or deeper except one water well (Well ID: 35-37-4E) that was drilled to a total depth of 55 feet in 1982. This water well was completed with concrete tile from the surface to total depth, and is located approximately ¼-mile east (upgradient) of the Pirkey Power Plant.



#### 3. Groundwater Monitoring Well Network Evaluation

The existing monitoring well network present at the Site was evaluated to determine if any of the wells were viable for continued use as part of the groundwater monitoring well network or also retained as part of a larger groundwater hydraulic monitoring well network. The hydrogeologic conditions were also evaluated to determine if the uppermost aquifer unit has an effective well network. The evaluation was completed in accordance with 40 CFR 257.91 to have an established monitoring well network that effectively monitors the uppermost aquifer up gradient and down gradient of the Site. The up gradient wells represent background groundwater quality and the down gradient wells are to be placed down gradient of the CCR unit boundary to monitor water quality.

#### 3.1 Hydrostratigraphic Units

#### 3.1.1 Horizontal and Vertical Position Relative to CCR Unit

Geologic data from soil borings, piezometers, and monitoring wells installed at the Site show the uppermost aquifer in the Stack Out Area is a very fine to fine grained clayey and silty sand stratum with an average thickness of approximately 20 feet that is located between an elevation of approximately 320 and 340 feet amsl (**Appendix A**). The base of the Stack Out Area is at an elevation of 360 feet amsl. The separation distance between the uppermost aquifer and the base of the Stack Out Area ranges from approximately 10 to 20 feet. This separation distance is further illustrated on cross section B-B' (**Figure 5**) and cross section E-E' (**Figure 8**).

#### 3.1.2 Overall Flow Conditions

Groundwater is recharged from regional precipitation infiltration. The uppermost aquifer unit (clayey and silty sand) is expected to have a hydraulic conductivity of approximately 10<sup>-4</sup> centimeters per second (Fetter, 1980). Based on the hydraulic conductivity and saturated thickness in the Stack Out Area (approximately 20 feet), the yield of the uppermost aquifer is anticipated to exceed the TCEQ non-useable (Class 3) limit of 150 gallons per day (TCEQ, 2010).

Available groundwater elevations are summarized on **Table 1** for 2011 through 2016. The most recent comprehensive groundwater data set from January 20, 2016 is depicted on **Figure 9**. The groundwater flow direction in the Stack Out Area is northwesterly towards Hatley Creek, which is located approximately one mile west of the Site.



#### 3.2 Uppermost Aquifer

#### 3.2.1 CCR Rule Definition

Per 40 CFR 257.60(a), new CCR landfills, existing and new CCR surface impoundments, and all lateral expansions of CCR units must be constructed with a base that is located no less than 1.52 meters (five ft) above the upper limit of the uppermost aquifer, or must demonstrate there will not be an intermittent, recurring, or sustained hydraulic connection between any portion of the base of the CCR unit and the uppermost aquifer due to normal fluctuations in groundwater elevations (including the seasonal high conditions).

The CCR rule definitions for an aquifer and the uppermost aquifer as specified in 40 CFR 257.53 indicates an aquifer is a geologic formation capable of yielding usable quantities of groundwater to wells or springs while an uppermost aquifer is defined as the geologic formation nearest the natural ground surface that is an aquifer, as well as lower aquifers, that are hydraulically interconnected with this aquifer within the facility's property boundary. Upper limit is measured at a point nearest to the natural groundwater surface to which the aquifer rises during the wet season.

#### 3.2.1.1 Common Definitions

An aquifer is commonly defined as a geologic unit that stores and transmits water (readily or at sufficient flow rates) to supply wells and springs (USGS, 2015; Fetter, 2001). The uppermost aquifer is considered the first encountered aquifer nearest to the CCR unit.

#### 3.2.2 Identified Onsite Hydrostratigraphic Unit

The identified Site hydrostratigraphic unit in the Stack Out Area is the clayey and silty sand stratum that is located between an elevation of approximately 320 and 340 feet amsl.

#### 3.3 Review of Existing Monitoring Well Network

#### 3.3.1 Overview

The Site was visited by ARCADIS and AEP personnel on August 19, 2015 to review existing well network conditions and locations. A well construction table that summarizes the location, ground surface elevation, borehole depth, installation date, and associated well construction details of the monitoring well network is included as



**Table 2**. Photo documentation of the located wells during the August 19, 2015 site visit is provided in **Appendix B**.

Monitoring wells AD-7, AD-12, AD-13, and AD-22 were previously installed at the Site to monitor the uppermost water-bearing unit (clayey and silty sand stratum) associated with the Stack Out Area. As discussed above in Section 3.1.1, the uppermost water-bearing unit below the Stack Out Area is approximately 20 feet thick and is located between an elevation of approximately 320 and 340 feet amsl.

#### 3.3.2 Gaps in Monitoring Network

As shown on Geologic Cross Sections B-B' (**Figure 5**) and E-E' (**Figure 8**), existing monitoring wells AD-7 and AD-22 are screened in the uppermost water-bearing unit downgradient (northwest) of the Stack Out Area, and will be utilized as downgradient monitoring wells for the Stack Out Area. Existing monitoring wells AD-12 and AD-13 are screened in the uppermost water-bearing unit up gradient (east) of the Stack Out Area, and will be utilized as up gradient monitoring wells for the Stack Out Area.

As shown on **Figure 9**, shallow groundwater flow direction in the Stack Out Area is northwesterly. Two existing monitoring wells (AD-7 and AD-22) were located hydraulically downgradient of the Stack Out Area during the August 19, 2015 site visit, and three downgradient monitoring wells are required to monitor groundwater quality downgradient of a CCR unit. This data gap was addressed by installation of new downgradient monitoring well AD-33 during December 2015 as shown on **Figure 9** and **Figure 10**. With the addition of monitoring well AD-33 on the west side of the Stack Out Area, there are no gaps remaining in the groundwater monitoring network for the Stack Out Area.

PirkeyOH015976.0010 9



#### 4. Recommended Monitoring Network and PE Certification

The recommended existing groundwater monitoring well network is intended to meet specifications stated in 40 CFR 257.91. Recommended wells are further discussed with respect to location to the Stack Out Area (up gradient or down gradient), well depth, and well construction. The recommended network would provide an improved understanding of groundwater quality, hydraulics, and groundwater flow at the Stack Out Area.

#### 4.1 Recommended Monitoring Well Network Distribution

Two up gradient well locations (existing monitoring wells AD-12 and AD-13) and three down gradient well locations (existing monitoring wells AD-7, AD-22, and AD-33) are recommended to establish a groundwater quality monitoring well network for the Stack Out Area.

#### 4.1.1 Location

The recommended monitoring well network for groundwater quality of the uppermost aquifer at the Stack Out Area is summarized on **Table 3** and illustrated on **Figure 10**.

#### 4.1.2 Depth

The screen depths for the monitoring wells recommended for inclusion in the monitoring network are within the shallow saturated sand stratum (uppermost aquifer) that occurs between an elevation of approximately 320 and 340 feet amsl as shown on Geologic Cross Sections B-B' (**Figure 5**) and E-E' (**Figure 8**). The screen elevations are presented in **Table 3**.

#### 4.1.3 Well Construction

As discussed above in Section 3.3.2, the gap in the monitoring well network for the uppermost aquifer at the Stack Out Area was addressed by installation of monitoring well AD-33 during December 2015. Monitoring well AD-33 was installed by a Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR)-licensed water well driller. Well construction data for the monitoring well network are summarized on **Tables 2** and **3**, and the monitoring well completion diagrams are provided in **Appendix A**.

PirkeyOH015976.0010 10



#### 4.2 Professional Engineer's Certification

I, Kenneth J. Brandner, certify that this report was prepared under my direction and supervision, and that the information contained herein is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. Based on my experience and knowledge of the site, the proposed groundwater monitoring system will be adequate to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 257.91.

Printed Name of Registered Professional Engineer

Signature

07380

gistration No.

lexas

Registration State

5-25-16

Date



#### 5. References

Akron Consulting, Ltd., "October 2015 Stackout Aerial", October 2015.

AMEC, "Report of Dam Safety Assessment of Coal Combustion Surface Impoundments, American Electric Power (AEP) and Southwest Electric Power Company (SWEPCO) H.W. Pirkey Power Plant, Hallsville, TX", August 2011.

Apex Geoscience Inc., "USWAG Monitoring Wells and Groundwater Evaluation, AEP Pirkey Power Station, Hallsville, Texas", March 2011.

Auckland Consulting, LLC, "Monitoring Well Installation – 2015, Pirkey Generating Station, Hallsville, Texas", January 26, 2016.

Banks Information Solutions, "Water Well Report, Pirkey Power Plant, 2400 FM 3251, Hallsville, Texas, Harrison County", October 8, 2015.

Broom, M.E., and B. N. Myers, "Ground-Water Resources of Harrison County, Texas", Texas Water Development Board Report 27, August 1966.

ETTL Engineers & Consultants Inc., "Geotechnical Investigation, Pirkey Power Station, Existing Ash, Surge, Lignite and Limestone Runoff, and Landfill Stormwater Ponds Embankment Investigation, Hallsville, Texas", October 2010.

Fetter, C.W., "Applied Hydrogeology", University of Wisconsin – Oshkosh, 1980.

Flawn, Peter T., "Geologic Atlas of Texas, Tyler Sheet", <u>The University of Texas at Austin Bureau of Economic Geology</u>, March 1965.

George, Peter G., et. al., "Aquifers of Texas", <u>Texas Water Development Board Report</u> 380, July 2011.

Johnson & Pace Incorporated, "Hydrology & Hydraulic Report, North Surge Pond, East & West Ash Ponds, Secondary Ash Pond, Landfill Pond, H.W. Pirkey Power Plant, Hallsville, Texas", May 2011.

Johnson & Pace Incorporated, "East Bottom Ash Pond June 2011 As-Built Plan & Profile, H.W. Pirkey Power Plant, Hallsville, Texas", June 2011.

Sargent & Lundy, "Henry W. Pirkey Power Plant, Design Summary for Lignite Storage Area and Wastewater Pond Facilities", January 31, 1983.



Sargent & Lundy, "Henry W. Pirkey Power Plant Unit 1, Wastewater Ponds – Liner Verification & Monitoring Wells", September 14, 1984.

Southwestern Laboratories, "Subsurface Exploration, Waste Water Ponds, Pirkey Power Plant, Hallsville, Texas", September 7, 1984.

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, "Groundwater Classification, RG-366/TRRP-8", March 2010.

USGS, Aquifers and Groundwater. 2015. Available online at www.usgs.gov.

USGS, "Petroleum Geology and the Distribution of Conventional Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids, East Texas Basin", Open-File Report 88-450K, 1988.

USGS, "Texas Seismic Hazard Map", 2014.

PirkeyOH015976.0010 13



**Tables** 



# Table 1 Water Level Data AEP Pirkey Power Plant - CCR Storage Areas Hallsville, Harrison County, Texas

			Ground	Top of	Borehole	Date	Screen	Well	Top of	Screen <sup>(b)</sup>	Bottom o	of Screen <sup>(b)</sup>	4/13/2011	12/15/2011	6/20/2012	1/23/2013	7/7/2013	1/22/2014	7/9/2014	1/28/2015	1/20/2016
			Surface	Casing	depth	Installed	Material	diameter	Depth	Elevation	Depth	Elevation	GW Elev.	GW Elev.	GW Elev.	GW Elev.	GW Elev.	GW Elev.	GW Elev.	GW Elev.	GW Elev.
Well ID	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation <sup>(a)</sup>	Elevation <sup>(a)</sup>	ft. bls			inches	ft. bls	ft. msl	ft. bls	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl	ft. msl
Monitoring Wells																					
MW-2/AD-2	32° 27' 54.753"	94° 29' 25.282"	341.25	344.04	40	10/7/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	20	321.25	40	301.25	326.90	327.12	327.17	327.26	326.62	327.70	327.19	328.62	328.55
MW-3/AD-3	32° 28' 6.829"	94° 29' 21.498"	372.76	375.30	57	11/4/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	37	335.76	57	315.76	342.95	341.59	343.70	341.10	343.27	341.42	343.96	345.01	347.03
MW-4/AD-4	32° 27' 59.247"	94° 29' 4.692"	363.69	366.79	46	10/10/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	26	337.69	46	317.69	351.45	351.24	352.44	354.42	349.22	355.58	353.33	359.00	359.16
MW-7/AD-7	32° 27' 43.611"	94° 29' 15.611"	359.61	362.79	40	10/3/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	20	339.61	40	319.61	344.34	343.75	344.15	344.90	343.35	346.61	346.23	349.17	349.31
MW-8/AD-8	32° 27' 25.095"	94° 29' 14.925"	356.92	359.84	35	10/4/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	20	336.92	35	321.92	341.65	340.29	341.65	340.72	341.25	341.67	343.36	344.03	347.21
MW-10/AD-10	32° 27' 52.446"	94° 29' 16.545"	359.48	362.21	40	10/10/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	20	339.48	40	319.48	342.03	341.90	342.19	341.41	339.85	342.27	342.22	344.39	343.97
MW-12/AD-12	32° 27' 51.702"	94° 29' 3.238"	378.84	381.99	51	1/30/86	Sch. 40 PVC	4	31	347.84	51	327.84	358.95	357.99	359.33	368.07	357.41	369.97	367.04	372.75	371.05
MW-13/AD-13	32° 27' 46.002"	94° 29' 5.71"	361.98	364.76	40.5	2/23/88	Sch. 40 PVC	4	30.5	331.48	40.5	321.48	349.46	348.91	349.52	350.81	348.61	351.97	351.29	354.47	354.15
AD-16	32° 27' 40.871"	94° 29' 38.637"	356.81	360.05	35	12/30/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	15.0	341.81	35.0	321.81	338.08	335.50	337.58	335.43	336.67	339.53	340.84	343.34	347.68
AD-17	32° 28' 2.315"	94° 29' 39.45"	342.65	346.09	30	12/30/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	332.65	30.0	312.65	322.66	322.29	323.31	323.51	323.06	325.19	324.15	328.42	326.78
AD-18	32° 28' 9.245"	94° 29' 6.469"	360.48	363.42	25	1/3/11	Sch. 40 PVC	2	15.0	345.48	25.0	335.48	355.53	351.54	357.21	355.47	357.23	360.03	358.06	359.88	360.52
AD-19	32° 27' 50.512"	94° 29' 13.973"	359.50	362.82	30	12/30/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	349.50	30.0	329.50	344.07	343.58	344.29	344.62	342.60	345.11	345.76	347.92	347.40
AD-20	32° 27' 51.346"	94° 29' 21.576"	352.30	355.79	35	12/28/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	15.0	337.30	35.0	317.30	334.50	334.63	334.69	334.78	333.38	335.38	334.87	336.88	336.07
AD-21	32° 27' 45.403"	94° 29' 19.195"	347.23	350.72	30	12/27/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	337.23	30.0	317.23	340.43	340.02	340.22	341.57	339.16	342.36	341.67	345.45	343.82
AD-22	32° 27' 41.349"	94° 29' 17.779"	355.57	358.51	30	12/16/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	345.57	30.0	325.57	343.64	343.16	343.74	344.83	342.90	346.49	345.77	350.24	350.29
AD-23	32° 27' 3.384"	94° 29' 41.258"	346.72	350.10	35	12/15/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	15.0	331.72	35.0	311.72	319.65	318.94	319.29	318.66	318.87	319.80	319.79	319.84	321.23
AD-24	32° 27' 1.455"	94° 29' 56.388"	287.68	291.14	20	12/27/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	5.0	282.68	20.0	267.68	282.92	284.29	285.10	285.63	285.06	288.30	287.10	288.56	
AD-25	32° 27' 17.187"	94° 29' 58.998"	334.15	337.09	30	12/14/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	324.15	30.0	304.15	324.51	321.90	323.14	321.94	322.15	322.56	324.24	326.42	327.00
AD-26	32° 27' 25.426"	94° 29' 54.775"	342.41	345.25	40	12/14/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	332.41	40.0	302.41	324.53	323.77	323.62	322.32	322.09	323.24	322.51	323.04	326.06
AD-27	32° 27' 36.66"	94° 29' 47.272"	349.83	352.62	37.5	12/15/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	17.5	332.33	37.5	312.33	325.82	324.54	326.13	325.39	325.35	326.39	327.91	329.69	330.89
AD-28	32° 27' 55.439"	94° 29' 39.418"	335.92	339.40	40	12/28/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	15.0	320.92	35.0	300.92	319.67	319.16	319.92	320.21	319.69	320.65	320.22	322.16	321.39
AD-29	32° 28' 8.271"	94° 29' 31.939"	350.21	353.37	30	1/3/11	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	340.21	30.0	320.21	334.68	333.37	334.74	337.47	336.84	338.55	335.85	340.57	338.48
AD-30 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 56.49"	94° 29' 32.53"	339.04	342.02	25	12/8/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	329.04	25.0	314.04									323.70
AD-31 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 28' 02.48"	94° 29' 20.90"	357.75	360.75	35	12/8/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	20.0	337.75	35.0	322.75									346.60
AD-32 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 56.20"	94° 29' 11.86"	357.23	359.18	33	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	13.0	344.23	33.0	324.23									352.32
AD-33 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 38.70"	94° 29' 15.82"	359.30	362.37	30	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	15.0	344.30	30.0	329.30									351.13
AD-34 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 10.13"	94° 29' 57.93"	304.64	307.61	25	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	10.0	294.64	25.0	279.64									307.61
AD-35 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 09.64"	94° 29' 42.74"	316.01	318.95	20	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	3.0	313.01	18.0	298.01									309.85
Piezometers <sup>(c)</sup>																					
W-3 (PW-3)	32° 27' 57.6"	94° 29' 31.8"	356.30	356.30	38	10/20/09	Sch. 40 PVC	2	28.0	328.30	38.0	318.30	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM

<sup>(</sup>a) Source: Apex Geoscience Inc. (March 23, 2011).

Groundwater Elevation Source: AEP, Pirkey Monitoring Well Groundwater Elevations through January 2015.

NM - Not Measured

<sup>(</sup>b) Screen length and screened intervals for AD-2 through AD-12 estimated from video surveillance (Apex Geoscience Inc., March 23, 2011).

<sup>(</sup>c) Souce: EETL (October 2010).

<sup>(</sup>d) Source: Auckland Consulting LLC (January 26, 2016). Monitoring wells AD-30 through AD-35 installed during December 2015.



Table 2
Well Construction Details
AEP Pirkey Power Plant - CCR Units
Hallsville, Harrison County, Texas

			Ground	Top of	Borehole	Date	Screen	Well	Top of F	ilter Pack	Bottom of	Filter Pack	Top of	Screen <sup>(b)</sup>	Bottom	of Screen <sup>(b)</sup>
			Surface	Casing	depth	Installed	Material	diameter	Depth	Elevation	Depth	Elevation	Depth	Elevation	Depth	Elevation
Well ID	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation <sup>(a)</sup>	Elevation <sup>(a)</sup>	ft. bls			inches	ft. bls	ft. msl	ft. bls	ft. msl	ft. bls	ft. msl	ft. bls	ft. msl
Monitoring Wells																
MW-2/AD-2	32° 27' 54.753"	94° 29' 25.282"	341.25	344.04	40	10/7/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	18	323	40	301	20	321.25	40	301.25
MW-3/AD-3	32° 28' 6.829"	94° 29' 21.498"	372.76	375.30	57	11/4/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	35	338	57	316	37	335.76	57	315.76
MW-4/AD-4	32° 27' 59.247"	94° 29' 4.692"	363.69	366.79	46	10/10/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	24	340	46	318	26	337.69	46	317.69
MW-7/AD-7	32° 27' 43.611"	94° 29' 15.611"	359.61	362.79	40	10/3/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	18	342	40	320	20	339.61	40	319.61
MW-8/AD-8	32° 27' 25.095"	94° 29' 14.925"	356.92	359.84	35	10/4/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	18	339	35	322	20	336.92	35	321.92
MW-10/AD-10	32° 27' 52.446"	94° 29' 16.545"	359.48	362.21	40	10/10/83	Sch. 40 PVC	4	18	341	40	319	20	339.48	40	319.48
MW-12/AD-12	32° 27' 51.702"	94° 29' 3.238"	378.84	381.99	51	1/30/86	Sch. 40 PVC	4	29	350	51	328	31	347.84	51	327.84
MW-13/AD-13	32° 27' 46.002"	94° 29' 5.71"	361.98	364.76	40.5	2/23/88	Sch. 40 PVC	4	17.5	344.5	40.5	321.5	30.5	331.48	40.5	321.48
AD-16	32° 27' 40.871"	94° 29' 38.637"	356.81	360.05	35	12/30/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	13	344	35	322	15.0	341.81	35.0	321.81
AD-17	32° 28' 2.315"	94° 29' 39.45"	342.65	346.09	30	12/30/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	335	30	313	10.0	332.65	30.0	312.65
AD-18	32° 28' 9.245"	94° 29' 6.469"	360.48	363.42	25	1/3/11	Sch. 40 PVC	2	13	347	25	335	15.0	345.48	25.0	335.48
AD-19	32° 27' 50.512"	94° 29' 13.973"	359.50	362.82	30	12/30/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	352	30	330	10.0	349.50	30.0	329.50
AD-20	32° 27' 51.346"	94° 29' 21.576"	352.30	355.79	35	12/28/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	13	339	35	317	15.0	337.30	35.0	317.30
AD-21	32° 27' 45.403"	94° 29' 19.195"	347.23	350.72	30	12/27/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	339	30	317	10.0	337.23	30.0	317.23
AD-22	32° 27' 41.349"	94° 29' 17.779"	355.57	358.51	30	12/16/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	348	30	326	10.0	345.57	30.0	325.57
AD-23	32° 27' 3.384"	94° 29' 41.258"	346.72	350.10	35	12/15/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	13	334	35	312	15.0	331.72	35.0	311.72
AD-24	32° 27' 1.455"	94° 29' 56.388"	287.68	291.14	20	12/27/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	3	285	20	268	5.0	282.68	20.0	267.68
AD-25	32° 27' 17.187"	94° 29' 58.998"	334.15	337.09	30	12/14/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	326	30	304	10.0	324.15	30.0	304.15
AD-26	32° 27' 25.426"	94° 29' 54.775"	342.41	345.25	40	12/14/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	334	40	302	10.0	332.41	40.0	302.41
AD-27	32° 27' 36.66"	94° 29' 47.272"	349.83	352.62	37.5	12/15/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	15.5	334.3	37.5	312.3	17.5	332.33	37.5	312.33
AD-28	32° 27' 55.439"	94° 29' 39.418"	335.92	339.40	40	12/28/10	Sch. 40 PVC	2	13	323	35	301	15.0	320.92	35.0	300.92
AD-29	32° 28' 8.271"	94° 29' 31.939"	350.21	353.37	30	1/3/11	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	342	30	320	10.0	340.21	30.0	320.21
AD-30 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 56.49"	94° 29' 32.53"	339.04	342.02	25	12/8/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	331	25	314	10.0	329.04	25.0	314.04
AD-31 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 28' 02.48"	94° 29' 20.90"	357.75	360.75	35	12/8/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	18	340	35	323	20.0	337.75	35.0	322.75
AD-32 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 56.20"	94° 29' 11.86"	357.23	359.18	33	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	11	346	33	324	13.0	344.23	33.0	324.23
AD-33 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 38.70"	94° 29' 15.82"	359.30	362.37	30	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	12	347	30	329	15.0	344.30	30.0	329.30
AD-34 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 10.13"	94° 29' 57.93"	304.64	307.61	25	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	8	297	25	280	10.0	294.64	25.0	279.64
AD-35 <sup>(d)</sup>	32° 27' 09.64"	94° 29' 42.74"	316.01	318.95	20	12/11/15	Sch. 40 PVC	2	2.5	313.5	20	296	3.0	313.01	18.0	298.01
Piezometers <sup>(c)</sup>																
W-3 (PW-3)	32° 27' 57.6"	94° 29' 31.8"	356.30	356.30	38	10/20/09	Sch. 40 PVC	2	26	330	38	318	28.0	328.30	38.0	318.30

#### **General Note:**

Elevations in feet above mean sea level.

#### Footnotes:

- (a) Source: Apex Geoscience Inc. (March 23, 2011).
- (b) Screen length and screened intervals for AD-2 through AD-12 estimated from video surveillance (Apex Geoscience Inc., March 23, 2011). Top of sand pack estimated 2 feet above top of screened interval.
- (c) Souce: EETL (October 2010).
- (d) Source: Aukland Consulting LLC (January 26, 2016).

#### **Acronyms and Abbreviations:**

NA = Data not available

ft = feet

bls = below land surface

msl = mean sea level

# Table 3 Proposed Well Network AEP Pirkey Power Plant - Stack Out Area Hallsville, Harrison County, Texas

Well ID	Exisiting/ Proposed	Hydrostratigraphic Unit Target	Location Description		Screen Top Target Elevation <sup>(a)</sup> (ft amsl)	Screen Bottom Target Elevation <sup>(a)</sup> (ft amsl)	Screen Length (ft)	Comments
Upgradient								
AD-12	Exisiting	Uppermost Water- Bearing Unit	Northeast of Stack Out Area	Upgradient	347.8	327.8	20	Existing well installed in 1986; well will be utilitzed to establish backgroud water quality
AD-13	Exisiting	Uppermost Water- Bearing Unit	East of Stack Out Area	Upgradient	331.5	321.5	10	Existing well installed in 1988; well will be utilitzed to establish backgroud water quality
Downgradient								
AD-7	Existing	Uppermost Water- Bearing Unit	Northwest of Stack Out Area	Down gradient	339.6	319.6	20	Existing well installed in 1983; uppermost shallow aquifer adjacent to Stack Out Area - downgradient
AD-22	Existing	Uppermost Water- Bearing Unit	West of Stack Out Area	Down gradient	345.6	325.6	20	Existing well installed in 2010; uppermost shallow aquifer adjacent to Stack Out Area - downgradient
AD-33	Existing	Uppermost Water- Bearing Unit	West of Stack Out Area	Down gradient	344.3	329.3	15	New monitoring well installed during December 2015 in uppermost shallow aquifer adjacent to Stack Out Area - downgradient

#### Footnotes:

a. Target elevations are an estimated range.

#### Acronyms and Abbreviations:

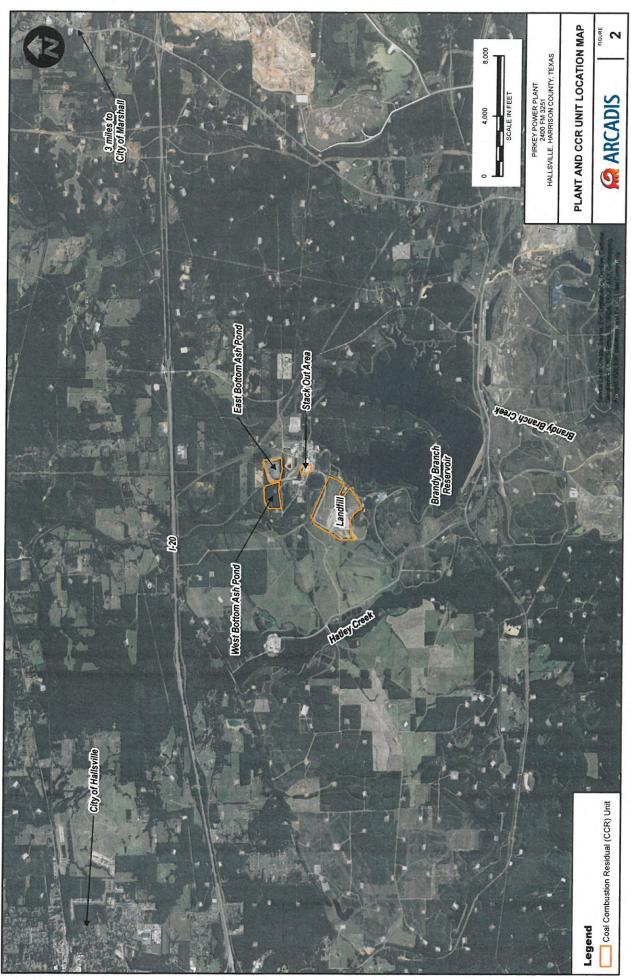
U=Upgradient D=Downgradient ft = feet

amsl = above mean sea level

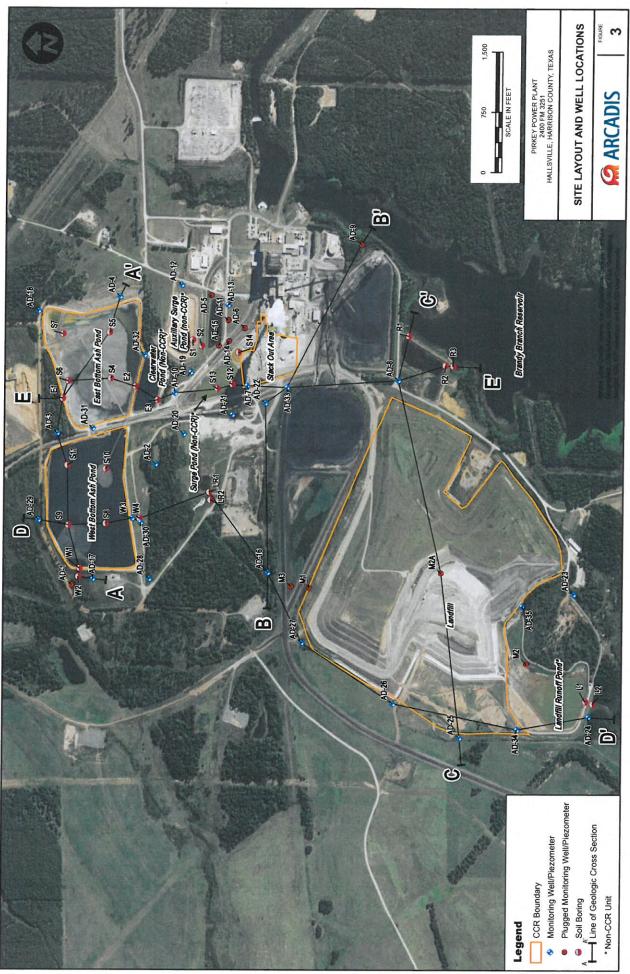


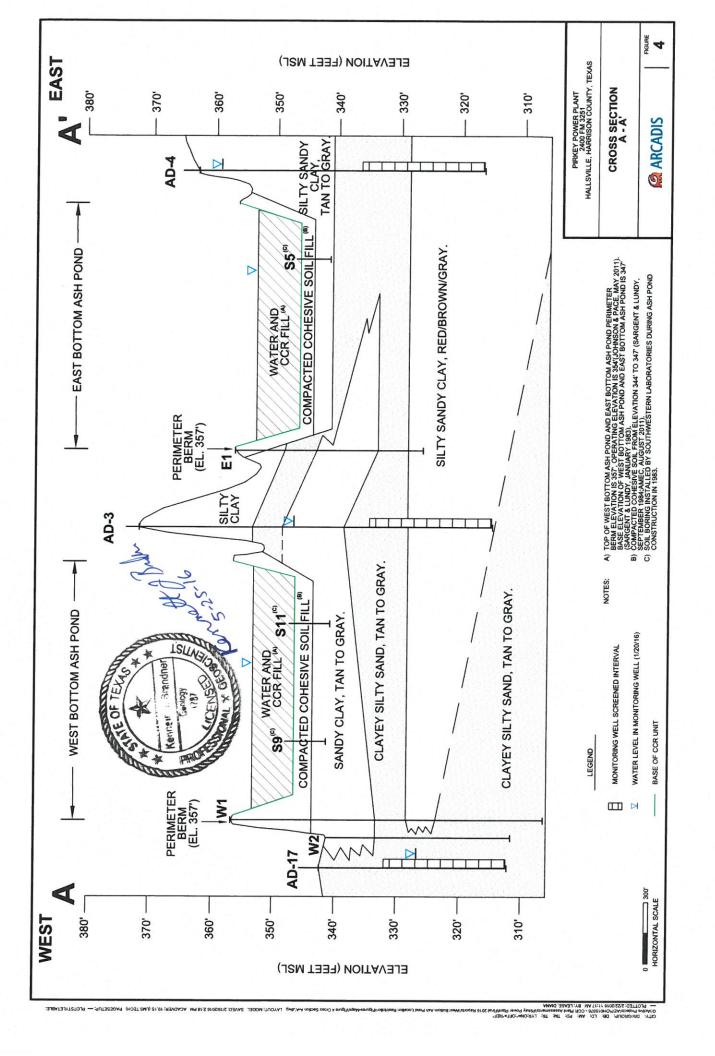
**Figures** 

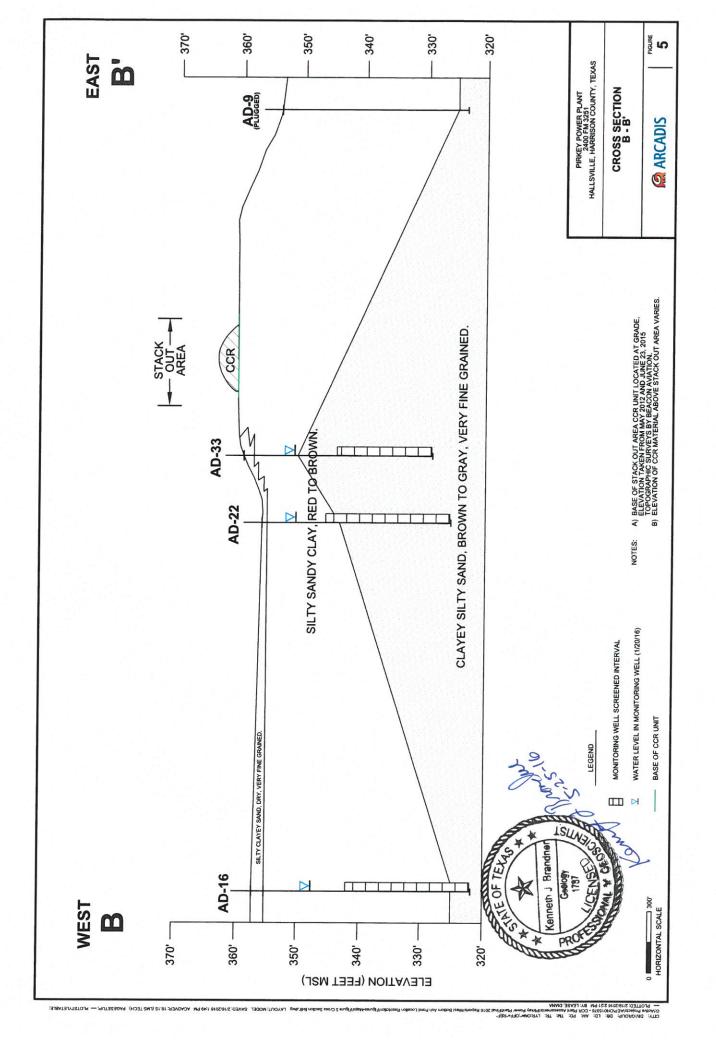
Document Path: Z:\GISPROJECTS\\_ENVAEP\Pirkey Plant\MXD\Figure 1 - Site Location Map.mxd

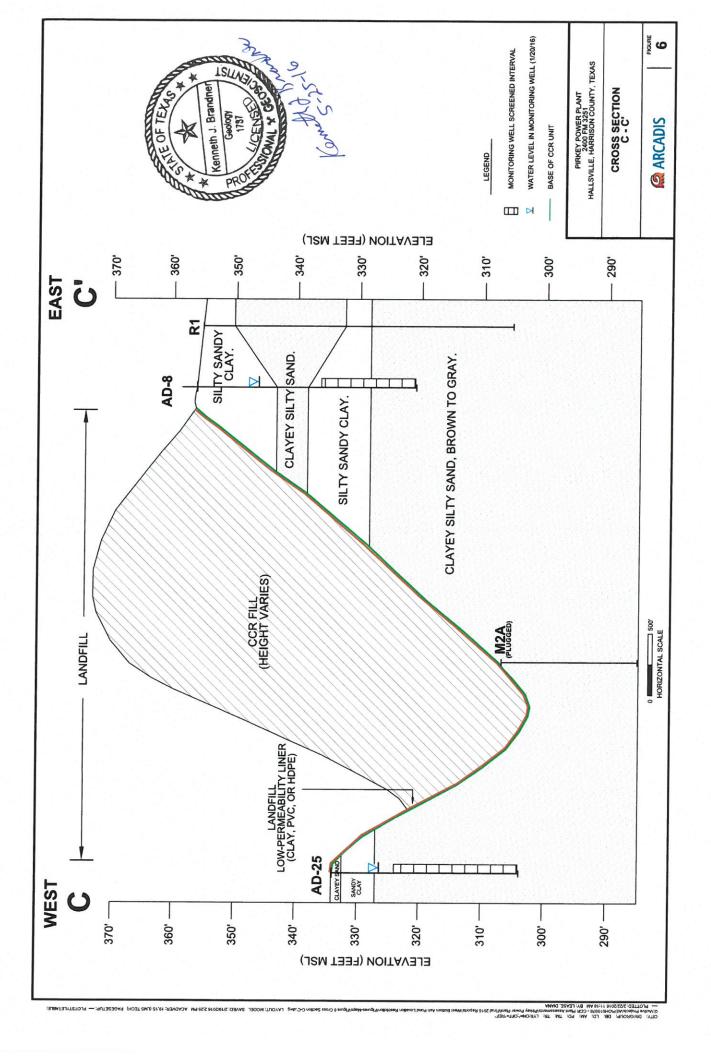


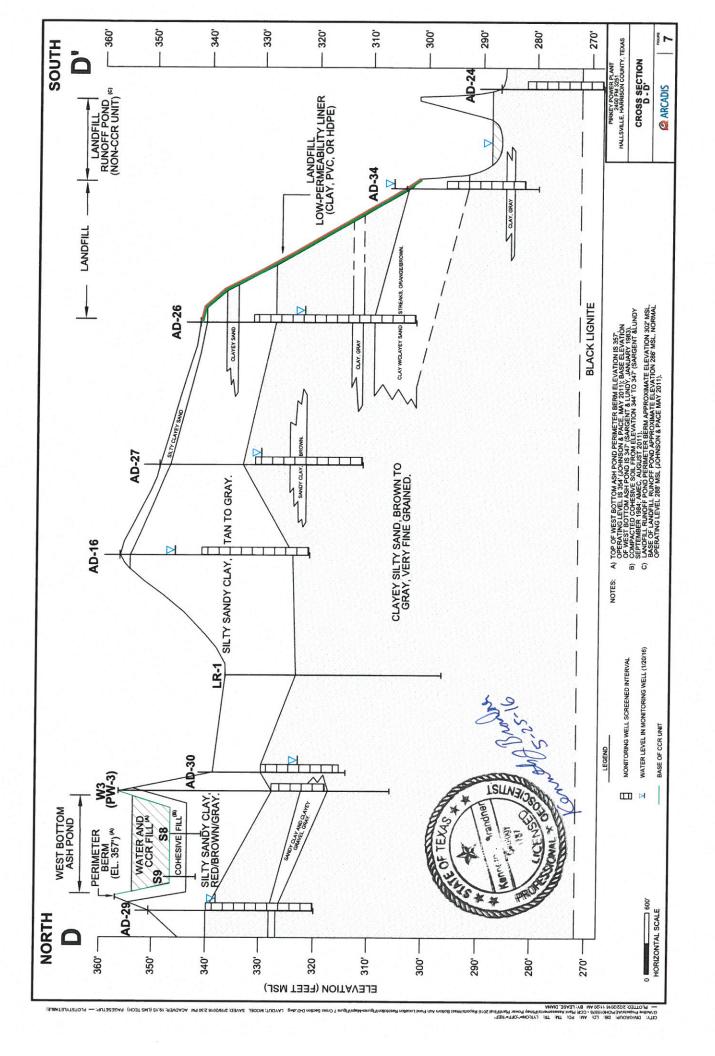
Document Path: Z./GISPROJECTS/\_ENVNEP/Pirkey Plant/MXD/Figure 2 - Plant and CCR Unit Location Map.mx

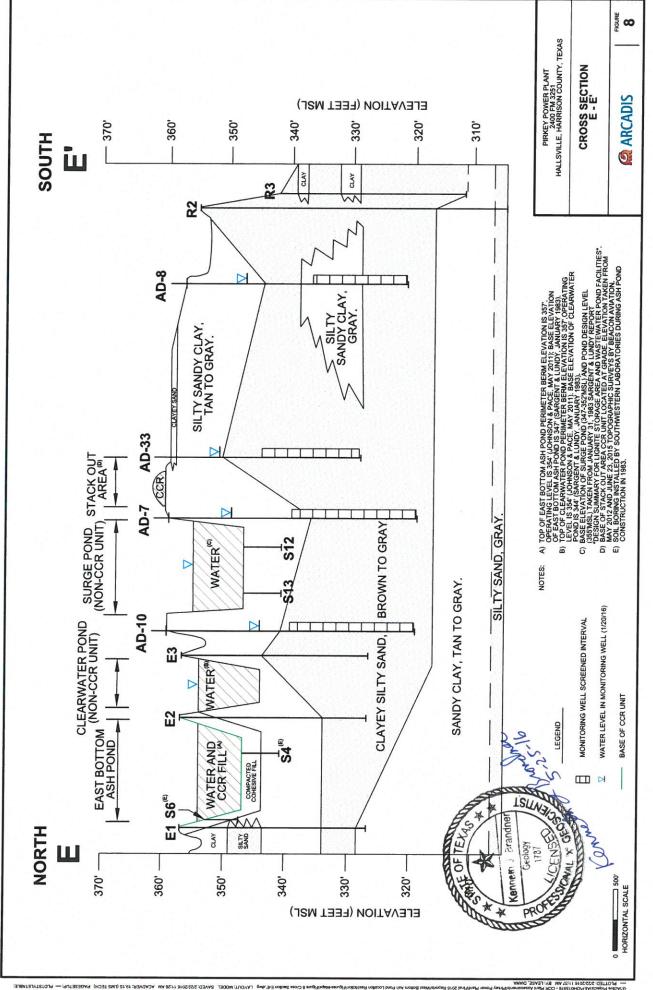


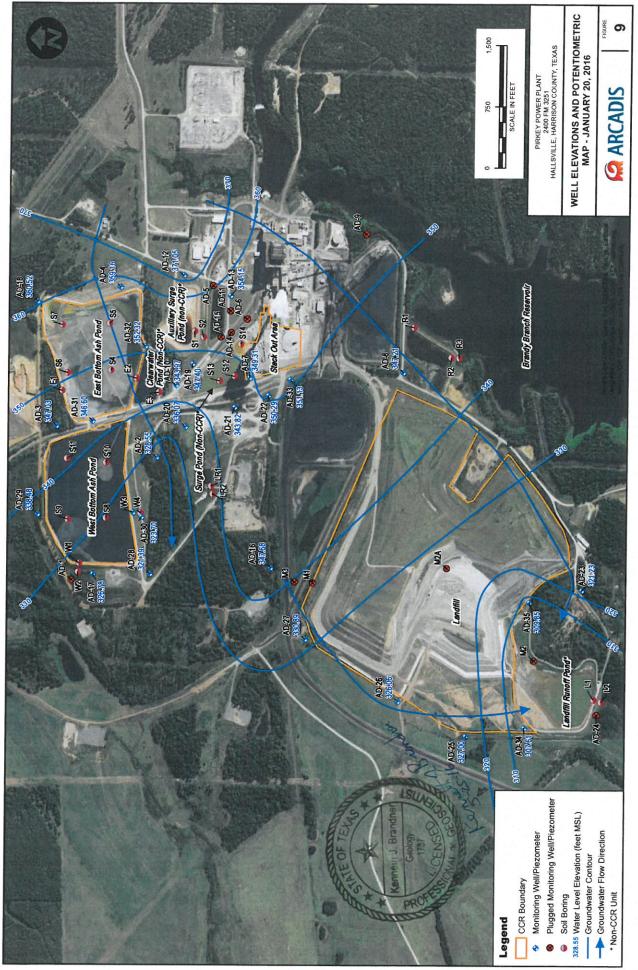


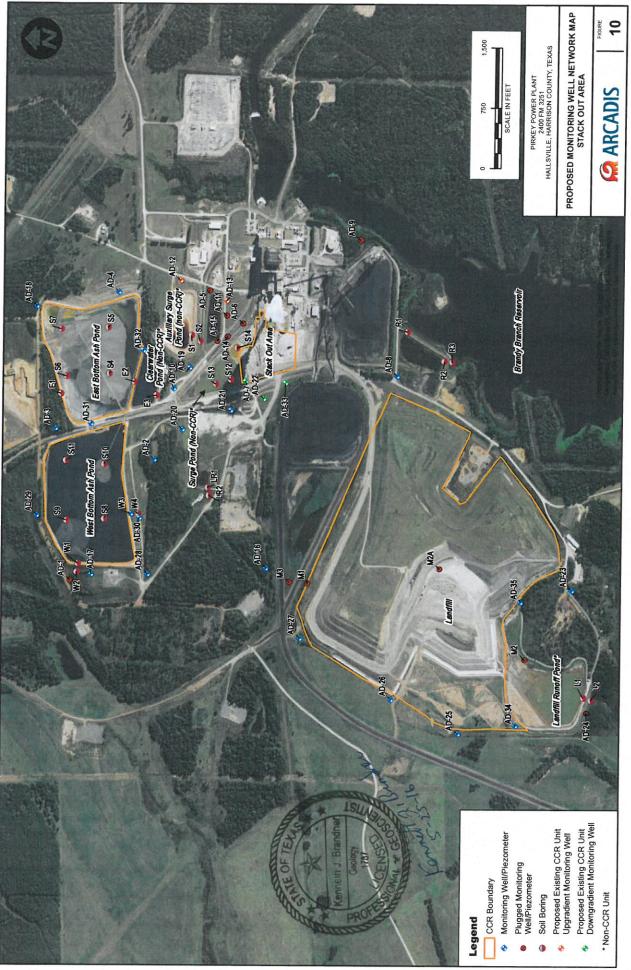














#### Appendix A

Boring/Well Construction Logs

000					
832	2964		LOC	OF BORING	
PRO	DJECT: ENT:	Waste Water SWEPCO	Ponds		BORING NO.: MW-6 LOCATION: Hallsville
Date	10-	-3-83	Type:	Auger	Ground Elevation:
	_	Legend:			
Depth, Feet	Sample	Sample     Sa		X Penetration	<b>▼</b> Water
	17			Description of St	ratum
-10- -15- -20- -25- -30- -35- -40-	X Ve	Very stiff to	grey clayed and grey clayed ey silt:	rey clay w/single ayey silty salty sand 7-7-17 y silty sand in silty sand	sand 25-25=11½" 50 B/11½"
_50					
			~		M.F.

0.00	0.5.1					
l	964			G OF BORING		
	ECT: NT:	Waste Water SWEPCO	Ponds		BORING NO LOCATION:	: MW-7 Hallsville
Date:	10-	-3-83	Type:	Auger	Ground Elevation:	
		Legend:				
Depth, Feet Symbol	Sample	Sample		X Penetration	•	Water
	17			Description of	Stratum	
-10- -15- -20- -30- -35-	S S	tiff tan and tiff tan and trm tan and	d grey c	lay w/iron ilty sandy sirvy sandy sirvy sand 23-27=	clay lenses w	iron ore
	Bot	tom of bori	ng at 40	feet.		
-45						
-50-						1
	~					
					TVIII 1999; errolesivis Africolouly, victory, analysis in microscopic signature.	Tribut

		100	2 05 800410	
83296 PROJECT:	Monitor Well	s at Metal	G OF BORING Cleaning Waste	PondBORING NO.: MW-12
CLIENT:	Southwestern	Electric	Power Company	LOCATION: Hallsville, TX
Date:	1/30/86	Type:	Rotary	N 6+13.25; W-6+90.36 Ground Elevation: 378.41
- .	Legend:			
Feet Symbol	Sample		X Penetration	<b>▼</b> Water
S. S. S.	)		Description of St	tratum
5_	Brown and ta	ın sandy cl	.ay	
	Brown, tan a	nd grav sa	nđy clav	
	,	gray or	and Johnson	
5	Tan and gray	sandy clay	У	
	Door on and Ann			
	Brown and tar	n sandy cra	ay	
	Gray and tan	sandy clay	,	
	Draw and ave			
	Brown and gra	у стау		
	Brown and gra	y clay		
-17	Gray silty sa	nd		
	Gray silty sar	nd		
11.1	Gray silty sar		Water encounter Bottom of Borin	ed at 27.5 feet.

**Observation Well Installation Report** 

Lecation			Omo		Station #	Elev. 361.	.85	Diey
Project	y Power I	Lant	2-23-	Observation Well Number		3N. 8+84	Location	Hallaville, Texas
Type of R	0284		Section of the	M	V-13			
	CME 55		Installed By DS	, DY, LM	Date 2	-23-88		Tint
MIERIDA AL	навана вун Н	ollow-ster	auger					
			~~~~~	Log of Boring and	Observati	on Wati		
		Bering					Observation V	fell
Dapth to to	Cored Internal		Description	Ground		Typs of Observation	Pion	
				lí Protra	7		[] - M	ntective Cosing or Cap
				L1 L2 L0 L0 L0	2' 17' 2.5' 23' 10' 42.5'		Top Plan  Top Plan  Top Plan  Top Plan  Top Plan  Botte  Botte	of River Pipe  of Pipe  Threaded  of Sectiff Around Bentonite & Portland Cement Grout  of Sectiff Around I of Sectiff Around I of Sectiff Boy  of Filter Boy  of Filter Boy  of Filter Boy  of Filter Mentelal Tex Blast Lasting Sand  on of Cog. Boy.  on of Soding Boy.
ACCRECATE AND ADDRESS.		7 are meas		om the top of th	e PVC	pipe, whi	-	ner of Boring
		0	,				-	
speciad By								

APEX	PROJ	ECT NO	.: 110	0-089			BORI	BORING MONITOR WELL NG NUMBER: MONITOR WELL NUMBER:	AD-22	-
FACI	LITYN	IAME:	AE	P- Pirke	y Pow	er Plani		FACILITY ID NO.: N/A		_
FACI	LITY A	DDRESS								_
DRIL	LING (	OMPAN	iY/MI	ETHOR	O/RIG:	Арек С	ieoscienc	e Inc. / Hollow-stem Augers/ CME-55 Track Rig		
DRIL								COMPLETION DATE: 12/16/2010		
PREPA	ARED	BY: David	d Bedi	ford				LOGGED BY: David Bedford		
		N 32°27				Datasa:	WGS-84	WELL LOCATION: Triangle- South side Quansit		
			T				_			
(FEET)	PID (PPM)	SAMPLE	cc		LOG .	AND DETAILS	CODE	I SOU DESCRIPTION AND COLUMNIE	Odor	Moisture
2			-			0-0.5	SC	Clayey sand, light brown, very fine grained Lean clay, light brown mottled with light gray	None	Moist
3 4 5 6 7								Few iron ore (small) peobles in clayey sandy streaks	None	Slightly Moist
8 9 10 11 12			-							
13 14 15 16 17			v			12-20	\$C	Clayey sand, grayish brown with orangish brown streaks, very fine grained Slightly wet @ 12 5' from seepage Large amount of iron ore 15-17'	None	Slightly Wet
19 20					#			Very firm 18-18.5'		
21 22 23 24 25						20-25	\$C	(Dense crystalline rock 21-21.1'), light brown clayey sand, greenish black, mica, black clay streaks, very fine grained, wet @ 20'	None	Wet
26 27 28 29 30						25-30		Sand, greenish brown (1') grading to crangish brown, silty, very fine grained	None	Wet
31 32 33 34 35 36								Boring Terminated at 30'		
37 38 39 40										
	::		Coment			7		Berntonite Fiker Smrd V Water Le	NE)	
(eoscia	Apex ence i	nc.			Grout	(Ske/Inte (Type/Inte	erval): (	-30' Screen Interval: Drout from 0-2'; Bentonite from 2-8' Water level:	+3 (ags)-10' 10-30'	
-vacil	nie I	,,,,			S	urface Co	mpletion	Flush Water level:  Above Ground	3'	



#### **Monitor Well**

Monitor Well No.: AD-33

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: PROJECT NO .:

Ptrkey Power Plant

1-04-1021

LOGGED BY: Jeffrey D. Sammons, P.G. SUPERVISING PG: Jaffrey D. Sammons, P.G.

COMPLETION:

12/11/2016 DEVELOPMENT: 12/16/2015

SITE LOCATION: 2400 FM 3251, Hallsville, Texas

WELL OWNER: AEP

#### **DRILLING INFORMATION**

DRILLER:

**Buford Collier** 

DRILLER'S LICENSE NO.: 80089

RIG TYPE:

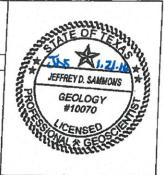
Geoprobe 3230DT METHOD OF DRILLING: Hollow Stem Auger

SAMPLING METHODS: Split Core HOLE DIAMETER:

SURFACE ELEVATION: 382.37 (Top of Casing)

8.25"

LATITUDE 32 27' 38.70" LONGITUDE 94 28' 15.82"



Water Level Upon Installation	Water Lev	el at Tin	ne of D	Orilling		1	Ge	otechi	nical L	ab Sa	mple	TBPG No. 50027
DESCRIPTION	USCS	SYMBOLS	DEPTH	WATER	SAMPLE	% MOISTURE	% FINES	п	E.	ā		WELL CONSTRUCTION
CLAYEY SAND: very fine to fine sand, some silt, dark brownish black and brown, very moist  FAT CLAY: trace sand and silt, reddish brown and light gray  - some iron ore gravel at 2.0'  - some silt and ironstone in thin seams at 2.5', light gray, yellowish brown, and reddish brown,	SC CH		-4 -3 -2 -1 -0 -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6			29	93	74	32	42		Bentonite 2" Sch. 40 PVC
CLAYEY SAND: interbedded clays and fine to very fine sand and slit, some iron ore gravel, light reddish brown and light gray  some clay and trace of iron ore gravel at 11', light gray and reddish brown, moist trace clay at 13', thin saturated ironatone and ravel seams at 13' to 16', reddish brown, light eddish brown, and light gray dark reddish brown at 15' clay lense at 15.5' to 16.5', light reddish brown and ght gray	sc		-8 -10 -11 -12 -13 S -14 -15 -16	Z	2'	1 3	5 3	95 2	23 1	2		Riser
SiLTY CLAYEY SAND: very fine to fine sand, eddish brown, very moist to saturated some clay lenses and iron ore gravel at 20' clayey at 20.5' to 21' race clay at 21', fight gray, saturated			1		23	19	27	18	9			20/40 Silica Sand  0.010° Slotted Sch. 40 PVC Well Screen
AVEV CAND	sc /	2			23	30	25	18	7			PVC Bottom Cap

832964		LOG OF BOR	NG
PROJECT: CLIENT:	Waste Water SWEPCO	Ponds	BORING NO.: S-12 LOCATION: Hallsville, TX
Date: 9-	15-83	Туре:	Ground Elevation: 348,3
	Legend:		
Symbol Sample	Sample	X Penetra	etion Water
		Description	on of Stratum
740	Red and grey	sandy silty cl	ay
	Red and grey	clay w/silt le	nses
5-	Red and grey	clay	
0		ring at 6 feet.	
<b>=</b>	No water enc	ountered.	
5-			
7			
<b>=</b>			
]			
]			
7			
7 !!			

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

832964 LOG OF BORING BORING NO .: S-14 PROJECT: Waste Water Ponds LOCATION: Hallsville, TX CLIENT: SWEPCO 352.9 Date: 9-15-83 Ground Elevation: Type: Legend: Depth, Feet Symbol **Sample** X Penetration **▼** Water Description of Stratum Brown and red clay w/silt lenses Brown and red slightly silty clay Brown and red sandy silty clay Bottom of boring at 6 feet. -10-No water encountered. -15-20-25--30--35-40-45 -50-



Appendix B

Photographic Log



#### **PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG**

**Project Name:** 

AEP - Pirkey Power Plant

Location:

Hallsville, Harrison County, Texas

Project No.

OH015976.0001

Photo No.

1

Date: 8/19/2015

**Direction Photo Taken:** 

East Southeast

Description:

P8190405 AD-21 Ground water monitoring well northeast of Stack Out Area.



## **ARCADIS**

#### PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG

**Project Name:** 

AEP - Pirkey Power Plant

Location:

Hallsville, Harrison County, Texas

Project No.

OH015976.0001

Photo No.

Date: 8/19/2015

**Direction Photo Taken:** 

Southeast

Description:

P8190438 Stack Out Area

